



Research project PEGASUS

EFFECTIVELY ENSURING AUTOMATED DRIVING.



Supported by:



on the basis of a decision
by the German Bundestag

Key Figures

42 Months Duration

January 1, 2016 – June 30, 2019

17 Partners

- OEM: Audi, BMW, Daimler, Opel, Volkswagen
- Tier 1: Automotive Distance Control, Bosch, Continental Teves
- Test Lab: TÜV SÜD
- SME: fka, iMAR, IPG, QTronic, TraceTronic, VIREs
- Scientific institutes: DLR, TU Darmstadt

12 Subcontracts

- i.a. IFR, ika, OFFIS

Project Volume

- approx. 34,5 Mio. EUR
- Funding: 16,3 Mio. EUR

Personnel Deployment

- approx. 1.791 man-month or 149 man-years

Current State of Development of HAD

Prototypes



Lab / Proving Ground



Products



 current status

Current State of Development of HAD



Prototypes

- Multitude of prototypes built by OEM with HAD-functionality
- Evidence, that HAD is technologically possible
- Partially tested in real traffic situations
- Test drives involve backup safety driver at all times



Lab / Proving Ground

- Individual analyses to optimize prototypes
- Current test methods/ proving grounds do not provide enough test coverage for all HAD features currently in focus
- There is no procedure for adequate testing (particularly performance) of HAD-systems



Products

- No release or introduction of variety of HAD features without sufficient assurance



current status

PEGASUS - Selected Goals of the Project

- Development of a procedure for the determination of design criteria and establishment of quality measures.
- Considering the driver in regards to his abilities.
- Design of the development process for the release of highly automated vehicle systems.
- Conceptual design, assembly and demonstration of building blocks for an efficient tool chain for simulation, proving ground and field test.
- Embedding of findings into the industry.
- Distribution and pioneering of standardization.



Central Issues of the Project

What level of performance is expected of an automated vehicle?
How can we verify that it achieves the desired performance consistently?



Scenario Analysis & Quality Measures

- What human capacity does the application require?
- What about technical capacity?
- Is it sufficiently accepted?
- Which criteria and measures can be deducted from it?



Implementation Process

- Which tools, methods and processes are necessary?



Testing

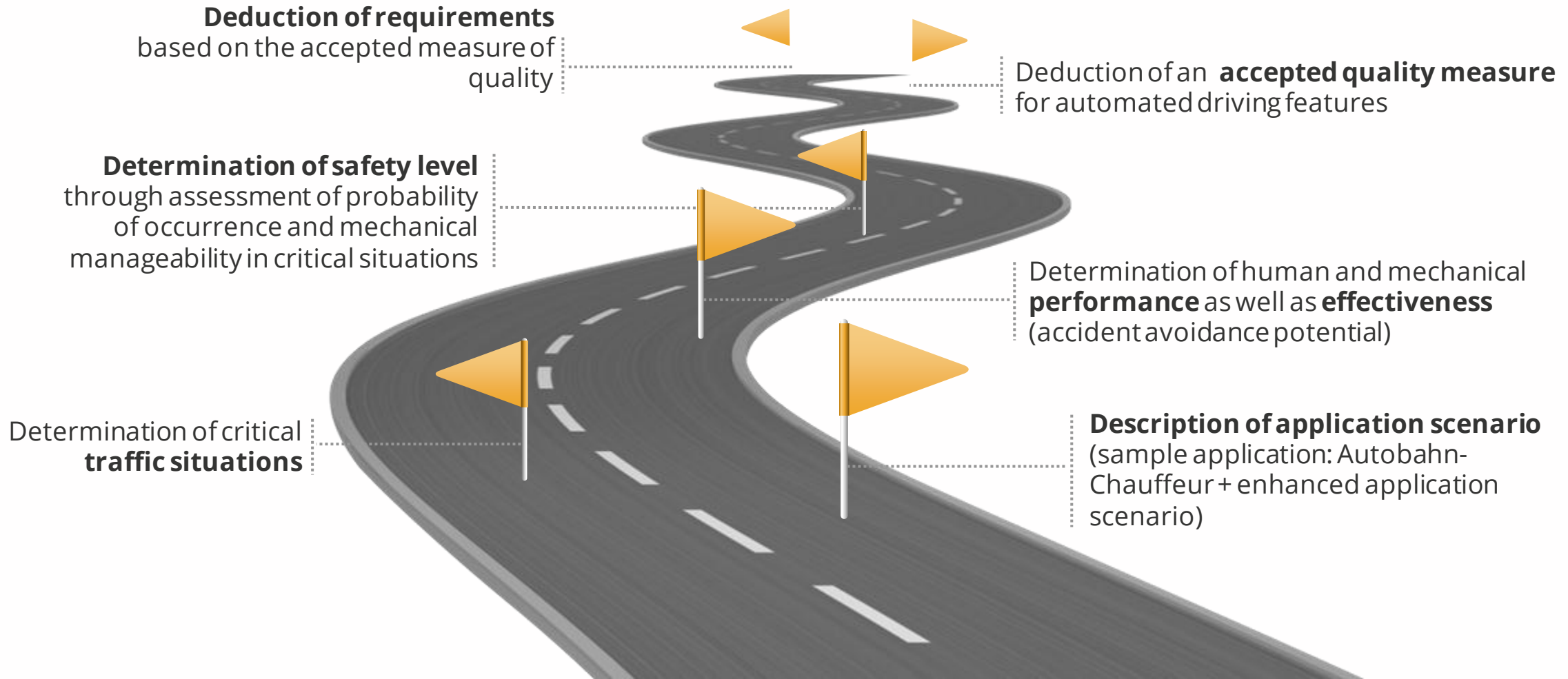
- How can completeness of relevant test runs be ensured?
- What do the criteria and measures for these test runs look like?
- What can be tested in labs or in simulation? What must be tested on test grounds, what must be tested on the road?



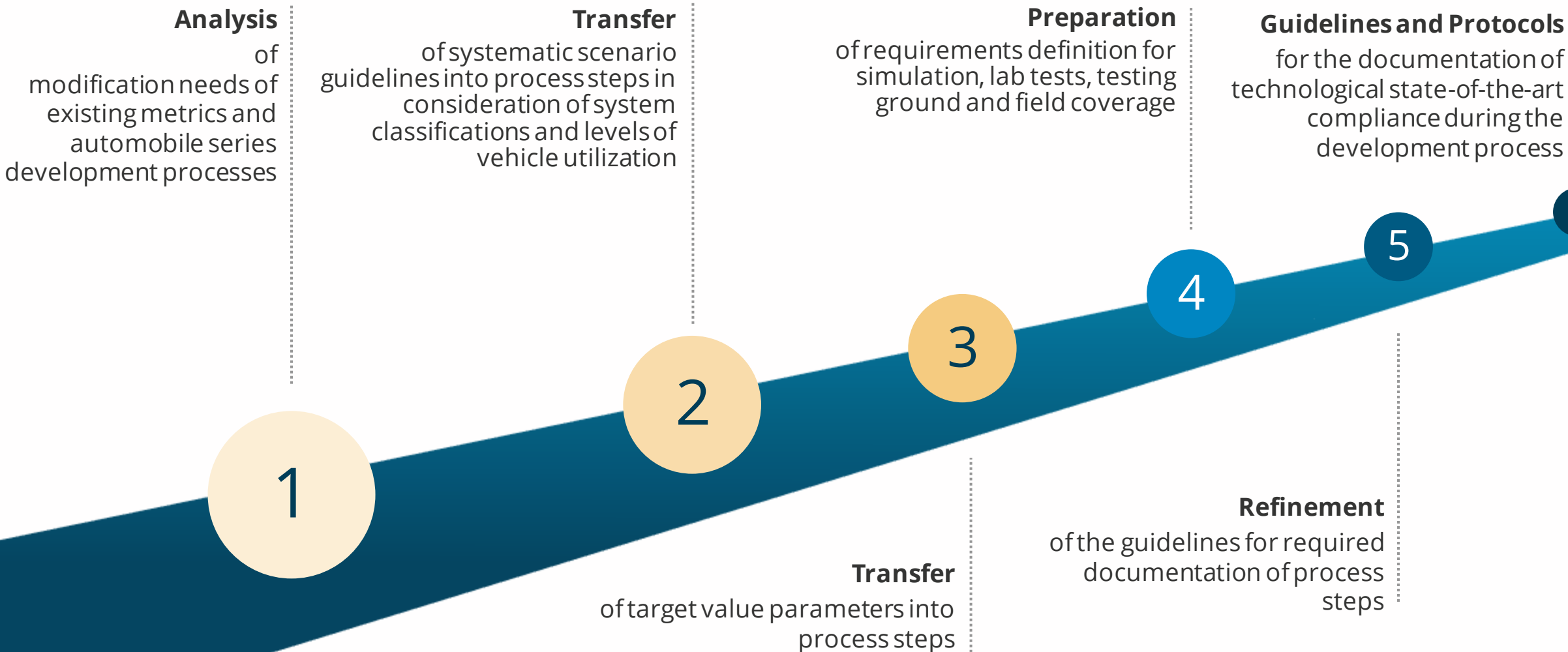
Reflection of Results & Embedding

- Is the concept sustainable?
- How does the process of embedding work?

SP 1 Scenario Analysis and Quality Measures



SP 2 Implementation Process



SP 3 Testing



- Detailing and completion of test scenarios of subproject 1, including technical quality measures as well as approval criteria
- Construction and filling of test specification database
- Establishment and verification of testing methods, interfaces, tools in the lab, on testing grounds and in real traffic
- Development and coordination of industrywide established models, tools and interfaces for the simulation
- Compilation of a test catalog and requirements for lab, testing ground and field coverage
- Construction of reference elements for practical testing and demonstration of functions
- Testing in the lab, on proving grounds and on the street

SP 4 Reflection of Results & Embedding

Statement

about the distribution ratio between the applied test methods (from simulation to testing ground to field test)

→ Proof of Concept

Assessment,

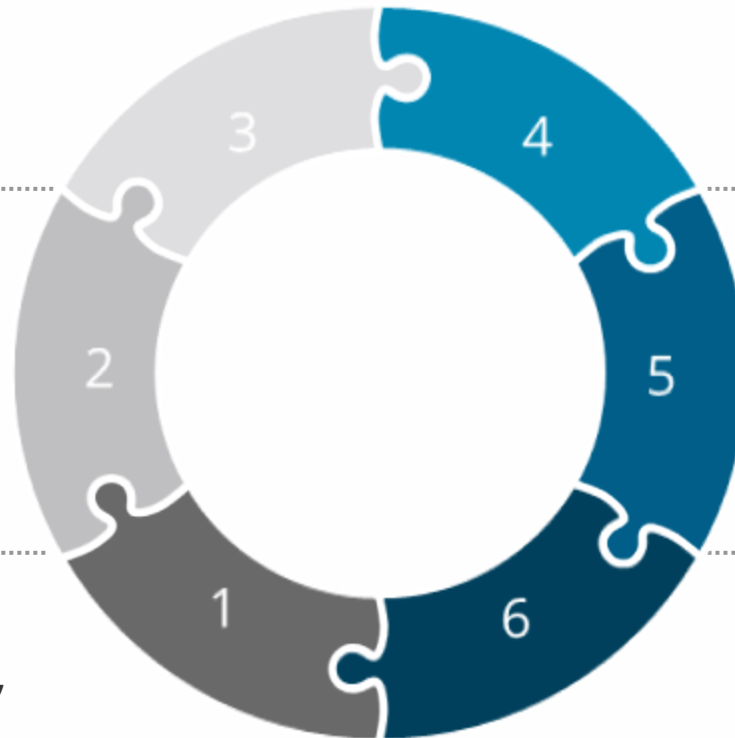
whether the test goal can be achieved with the utilized processes and methods in PEGASUS

Verification

of methods to identify relevant situations, quality and criticality measures for the assurance of HAD features

Assistance
with embedding of acquired results with our project partners

Lessons learned
regarding the implementation of the results in existing corporate structures



- Testing and validation of automated vehicles requires new methods and tools for an efficient safeguarding process.
- Core element of the circuit process is a database and a data processing chain for the relevant scenarios.
- Available and known methods and tools can be utilized in the overall circuit process and therefore increase effectiveness.
- The data processing chain needs to be able to process different data sources and heterogeneous data quality in order to provide common test specifications.
- The presented database concept allows an efficient processing of high data volumes by means of a flexible tool chain.

A series of white diagonal lines on a dark teal background, located in the top-left corner of the contact information area.

Contact:

fka Forschungsgesellschaft Kraftfahrwesen mbH Aachen

Adrian Zlocki

zlocki@fka.de

+49 241 80 25616

www.pegasusprojekt.de

A series of white diagonal lines on a dark teal background, located at the bottom-right of the contact information area.